

1. Full Council

- 1.1 The Full Council is the body that grants adoption, approval or variation of plans, strategies and policies recommended by the Council's committees. It is the most senior body of the council and, unless otherwise stated, all recommendations by Council committees must be adopted by resolution of the Full Council before they can be enacted.
- 1.2 The Full Council has a statutory role in approving the budget and setting the precept. It is also the body responsible for ensuring compliance with the council's statutory requirements.
- 1.3 The Full Council is the body that will annually appoint to the offices of the Mayor and Deputy Mayor. Full Council meetings will be chaired by the Mayor.
- 1.4 In an election year, the Full Council will receive councillors' declarations of acceptance of office.
- 1.5 In the ordinary year of election of the Council, the Full Council will fill any vacancies left unfilled at the election by reason of insufficient nominations.
- 1.6 The remaining business shall be transacted by the Full Council and may be delegated to an appropriate committee during the course of the Council year in an order that is expedient:
 - 1.6.1 Confirmation of the accuracy of the minutes of the last meeting of the council;
 - 1.6.2 To receive and note minutes of and/or to determine by resolution recommendations made by committees;
 - 1.6.3 Review of delegation arrangements to committees, sub-committees, employees and other local authorities;
 - 1.6.4 Review of the terms of references for committees;
 - 1.6.5 Receipt of nominations to existing committees;
 - 1.6.6 Appointment of any new committees, confirmation of the terms of reference, the number of members (including, if appropriate, substitute councillors).
 - 1.6.7 Review and adoption of appropriate standing orders and financial regulations;
 - 1.6.8 Review of arrangements, including any charters, with other local authorities and review of contributions made to expenditure incurred by other local authorities;

- 1.6.9 Review of representation on or work with external bodies and arrangements for reporting back;
- 1.6.10 In a year of elections, if a council's period of eligibility to exercise the power of well being expired the day before the annual meeting, to review and make arrangements to reaffirm eligibility;
- 1.6.11 Review of inventory of land and assets including buildings and office equipment;
- 1.6.12 Review and confirmation of arrangements for insurance cover in respect of all insured risks;
- 1.6.13 Review of the council's and/or employees' memberships of other bodies;
- 1.6.14 Review of the system of internal control and risk:
- 1.6.15 Establishing or reviewing the council's complaints' procedure;
- 1.6.16 Establishing or reviewing the council's procedures for handling requests made under the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and the Data Protection Act 1998;
- 1.6.17 Establishing or reviewing the council's policy for dealing with the press/media;
- 1.6.18 Setting the dates, times and place of ordinary meetings of the Full Council for the year ahead;
- 1.6.19 To receive and note such communications as the person presiding may wish to lay before the council (Mayor's Announcements);
- 1.6.20 To receive the internal and external auditors' reports
- 1.6.21 To answer questions from councillors;
- 1.6.22 To authorise the sealing of documents;
- 1.6.23 To authorise the signing of orders for payment.
- 1.6.24 To authorise the annual return
- 1.6.25 Civic matters
- 1.6.26 To consider member attendance at meetings
- 1.6.27 The award of grants to local organisations

1.6.28 To oversee the council's attainment of the gold standard of the Local Council Award Scheme

1.7 No business may be transacted at a meeting of the Full Council unless at least one third of the whole number of members of the council are present, i.e. five members.